



Advancing Functional Improvement in DM1

DYNE-101 U.S. Accelerated Approval and Clinical Update

JUNE 17, 2025



Sarah, living with DM1

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Program



Opening Remarks

John Cox, President & CEO



Updated Plan for U.S. Accelerated Approval and New Clinical Data for DYNE-101

Doug Kerr, M.D., Ph.D., Chief Medical Officer



Closing Remarks

John Cox, President & CEO



Available for Q&A

Erick Lucera, Chief Financial Officer

Today's Update



Breakthrough Therapy Designation

- FDA granted Breakthrough Therapy Designation for DYNE-101 in DM1 following Type C Meeting



Accelerated Approval Pathway with vHOT

- Dyne and FDA agreed that the next step toward Accelerated Approval was to submit for review the revised protocol for the Registrational Expansion Cohort of the ACHIEVE trial with vHOT as primary endpoint
- Revised protocol submitted to FDA in June



New Long-Term Data from ACHIEVE Trial

- Robust and sustained functional improvement across multiple measures at 6 and 12 months at registrational dose
- Data support vHOT improvement as early indicator of clinical benefit with DYNE-101
- Continued favorable safety profile¹

Data from Registrational Expansion Cohort, MAD, and LTE portions of ACHIEVE trial intended to support a potential U.S. Accelerated Approval

Data from the Registrational Expansion Cohort are planned for mid-2026 to support a potential U.S. Accelerated Approval submission in late 2026

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DM1 is a Devastating Neuromuscular Splicing Disorder



Overview

- Mutation in the *DMPK* gene leads to mis-splicing of multiple genes
- Onset at any point, depending on DM1 phenotype
- Life expectancy of 45 - 60 years



Clinical Presentation

- Muscle weakness & myotonia
- CNS manifestations including fatigue, cognition, and sleep
- Gastrointestinal issues
- Cardiac arrhythmia
- Pulmonary abnormalities



Population

- >40,000 (US)
- >74,000 (Europe)



**NO
approved
therapies**

OUR APPROACH

Functional Improvement via Splicing Correction in Nucleus

Restore normal RNA splicing to achieve **functional improvement** for those living with DM1

DYNE-101 Addressing the Central Pathobiology of DM1 to Enable Broad Functional Improvement¹

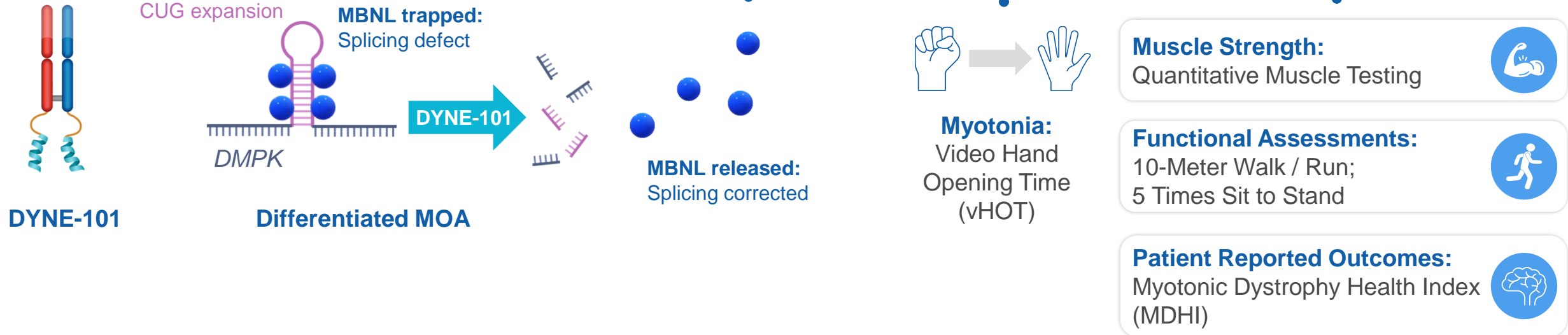
Robust and widespread delivery

DMPK degradation in the nucleus

MBNL release and splicing correction

Early clinical effect

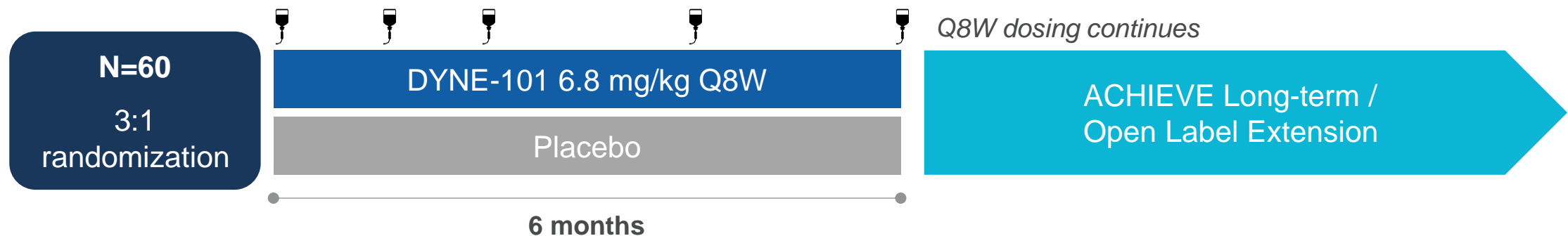
Broad functional improvement



Revised Registrational Expansion Cohort to Support Potential U.S. Accelerated Approval

- ✓ ACHIEVE MAD cohorts complete; all cohorts now at 6.8 mg/kg Q8W in long-term / open label extension
- ACHIEVE Registrational Expansion Cohort **currently enrolling**
 - Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in middle finger myotonia as measured by vHOT at 6 months compared to placebo¹
 - Secondary endpoints include: CASI-22, QMT, 10MWR, 5xSTS, and MDHI at 6 months
- Global footprint, including **addition of U.S. sites**

ACHIEVE Registrational Expansion Cohort



Data planned for mid-2026 to support a potential Accelerated Approval submission in late 2026

New Data Support the Potential for Accelerated Approval of DYNE-101 with vHOT as Primary Endpoint

Accelerated Approval allows FDA to approve drugs for serious conditions with an unmet medical need based on a surrogate or intermediate clinical endpoint, which is reasonably likely to predict clinical benefit

Intermediate clinical endpoint

- A clinical measure with the potential to detect a drug effect earlier than other clinically meaningful endpoints and which is considered reasonably likely to predict clinical benefit

DYNE-101 Outcomes

- Data support improvement in vHOT as early indicator of clinical benefit with DYNE-101
- Sustained improvements increase confidence in 6-month results

DYNE-101 Safety Data

- Favorable safety profile¹

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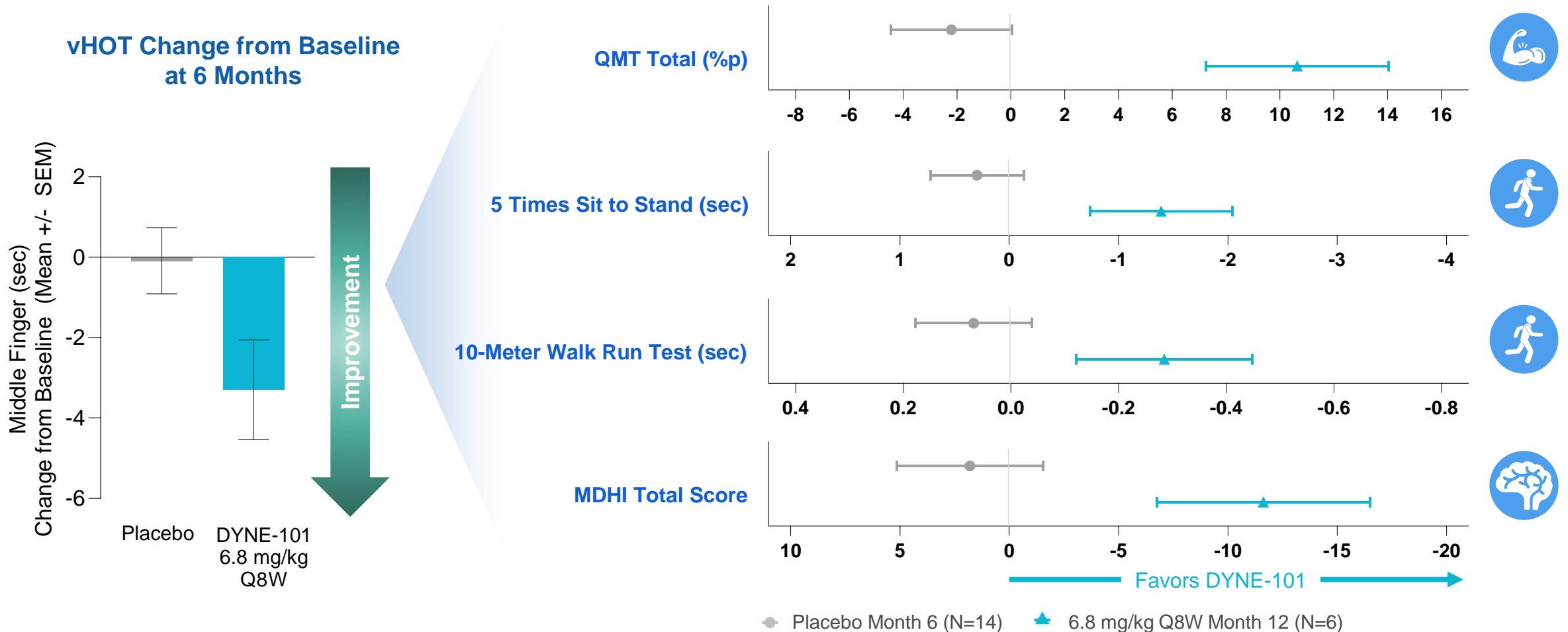
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Data Support vHOT Improvement as an Early Indicator of Clinical Benefit with DYNE-101



With DYNE-101, all participants at highest 3 doses who improved in 6M vHOT improved in 12M strength, 5xSTS, and/or 10MWR

Notes: Mixed model for repeated measures (MMRM): fixed effects: dose, visit, baseline, dose by visit interaction, baseline by visit interaction. Data: all dose groups except recovery group; excluding placebo data after 6 months; Data presented are least squares (LS) mean change from baseline ± SEM (standard error of the mean); 6 months = 169 days, 12 months = 337 days; vHOT = video hand opening time; QMT = quantitative muscle testing; 10MWR = 10-meter walk/run test; 5xSTS = 5 times sit to stand test; MDHI = Myotonic Dystrophy Health Index; %p = percent predicted.

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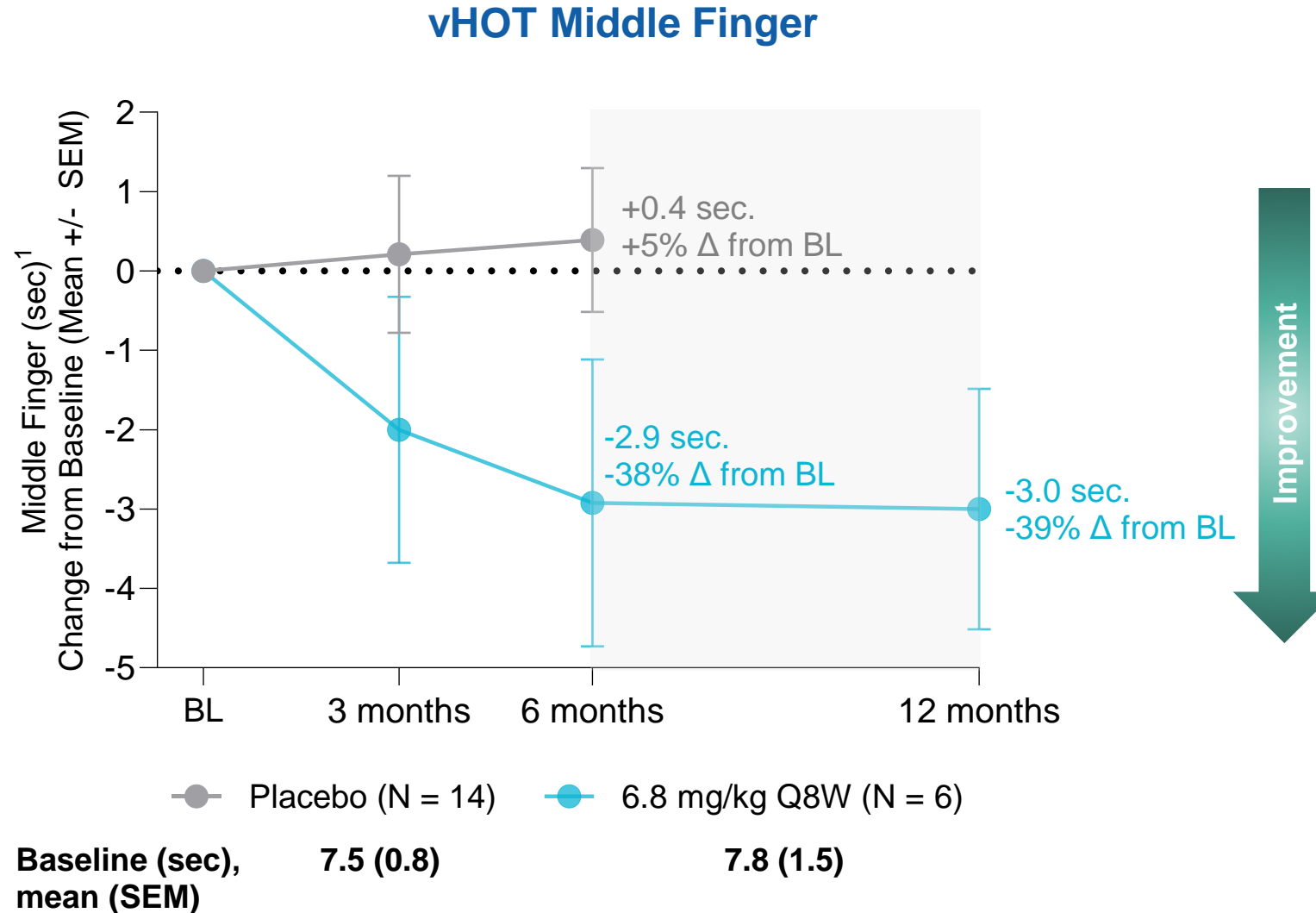
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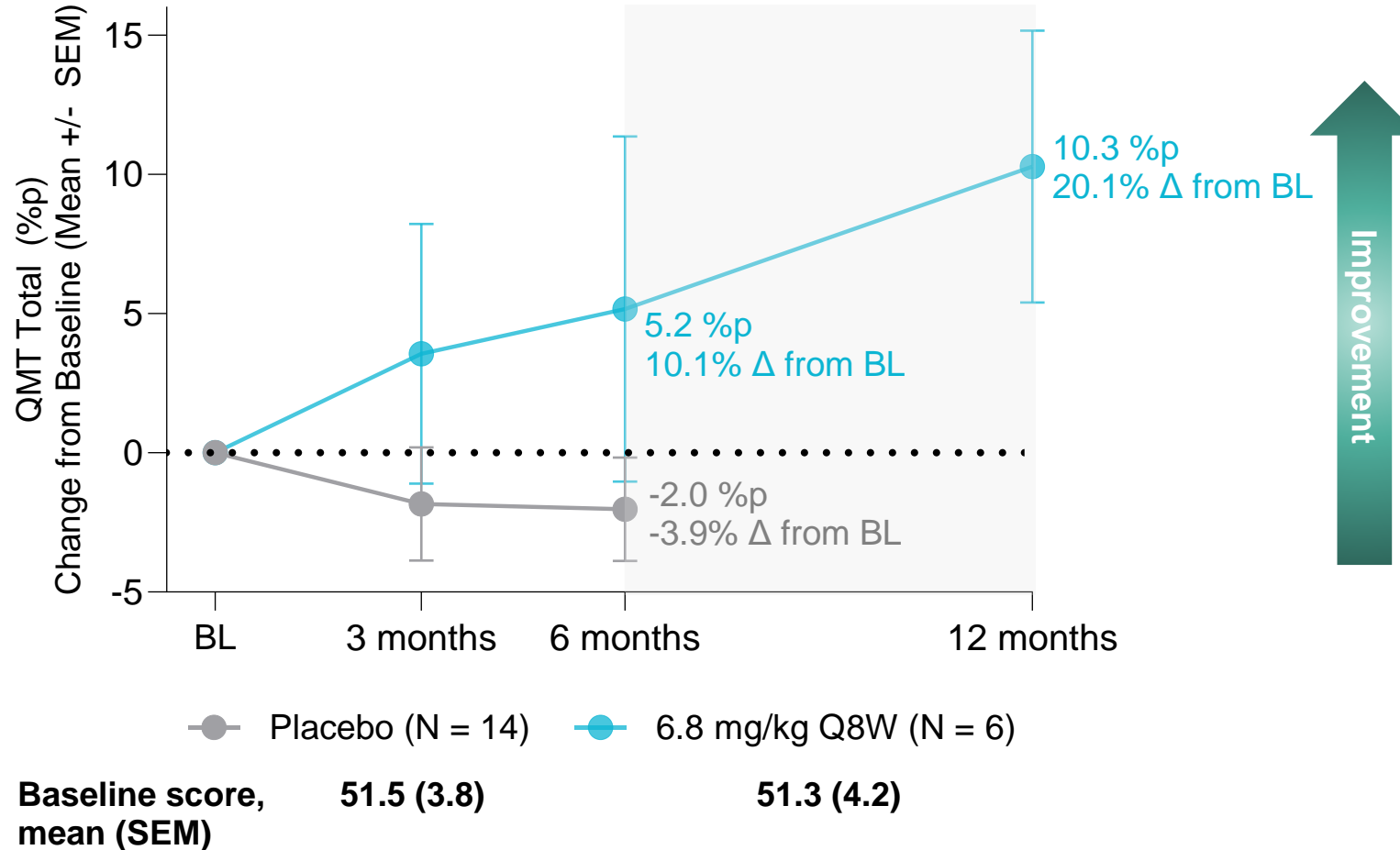


Robust and Sustained vHOT Improvement at 6 and 12 Months



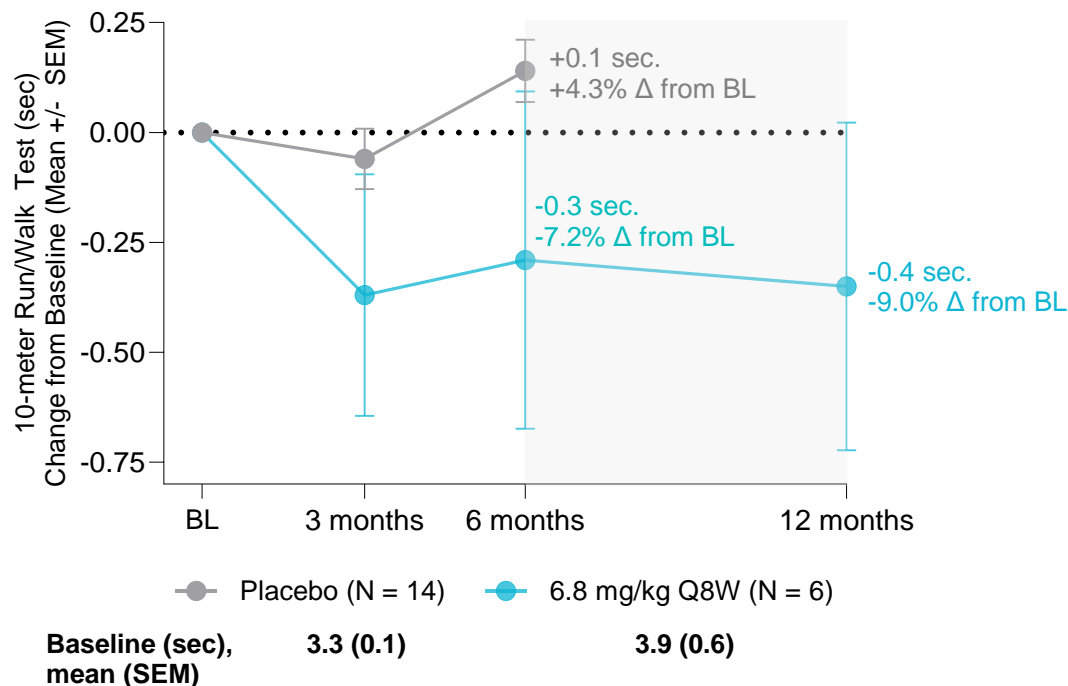
Strength Continues to Improve from Month 6 to Month 12

Quantitative Muscle Testing (QMT) Total Score

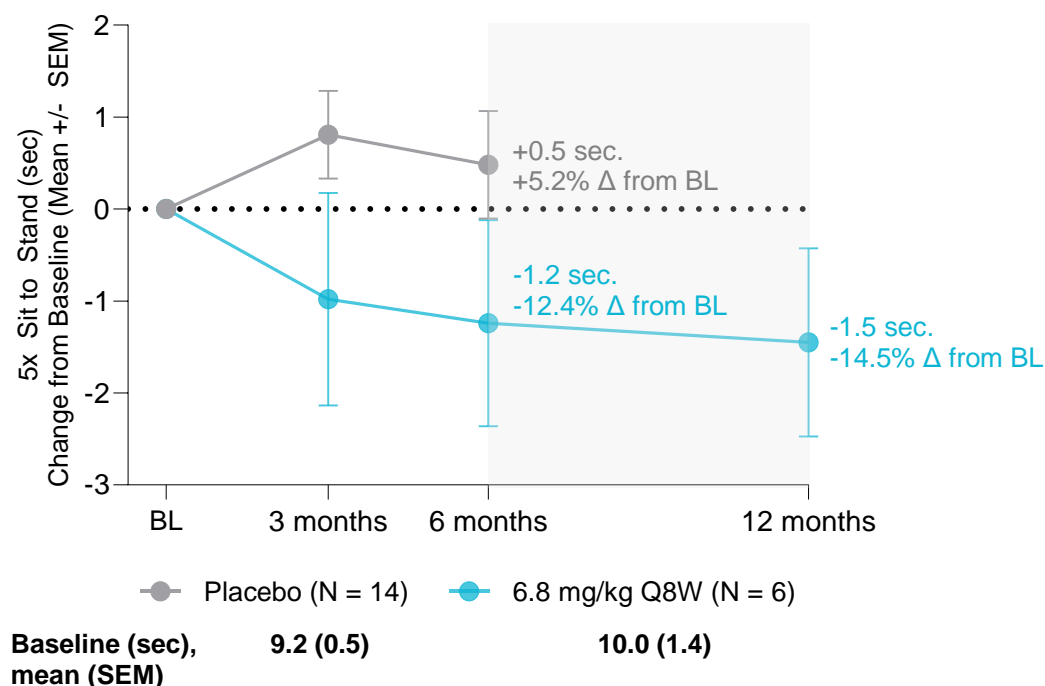


Robust Benefit Across Multiple Timed Function Tests Sustained at 6 and 12 Months

10-Meter Walk/Run Test

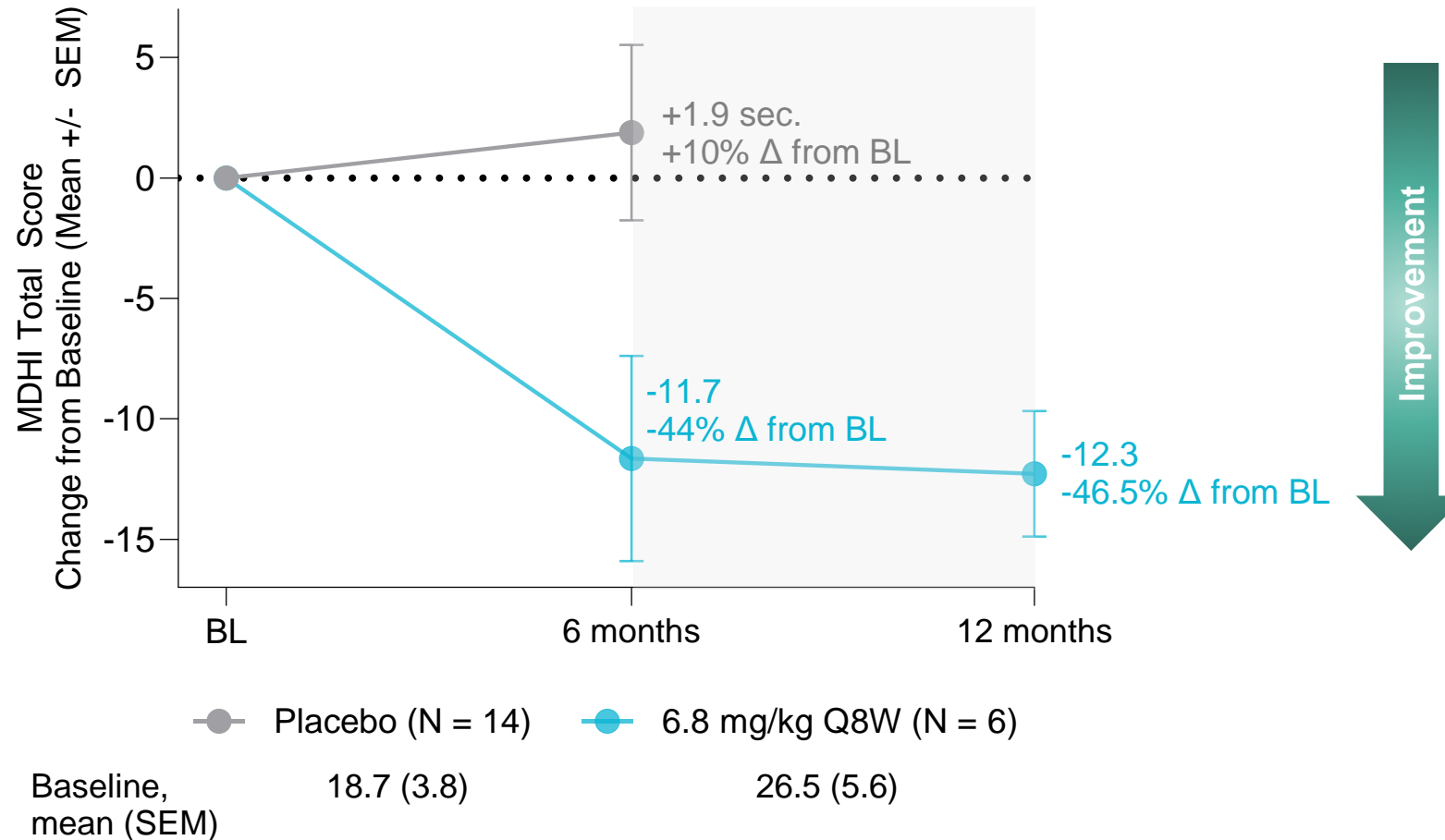


5 Times Sit to Stand Test

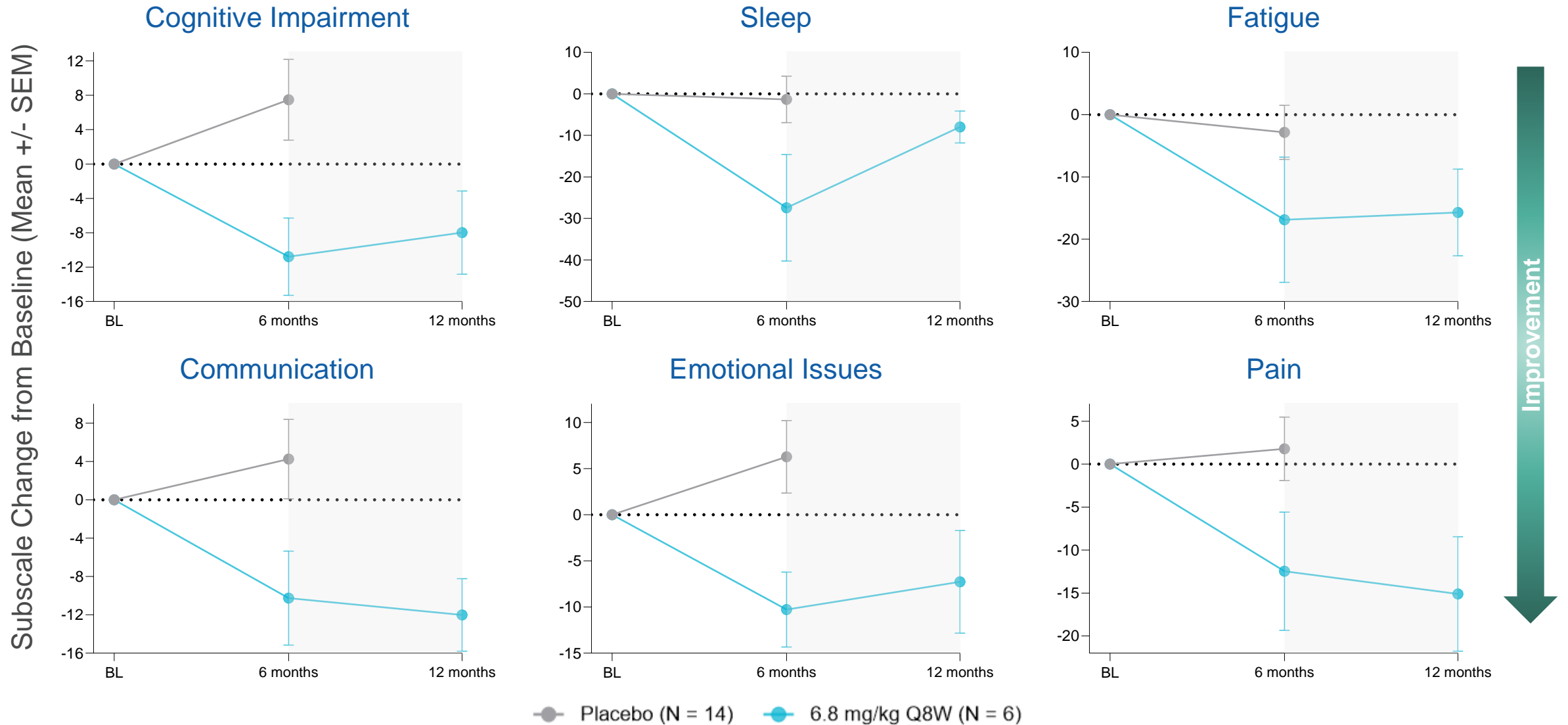


Deep Improvement in Patient Reported Outcome Sustained at 6 and 12 Months

Myotonic Dystrophy Health Index (MDHI) Total Score



Sustained Improvement in CNS-related MDHI Subscales Over Time



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DYNE-101: Favorable Safety Profile with No Serious Related TEAEs

Summary of Treatment Emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs)¹

TEAE Category	Participants with ≥1 TEAE – n (%)					
	1.8 mg/kg Q4W+Rec. N=16	3.4 mg/kg Q4W+Rec. N=16	3.4 mg/kg Q8W N=8	5.4 mg/kg Q8W N=8	6.8 mg/kg Q8W N=8	Overall (N=56)
Any TEAE	16 (100%)	16 (100%)	8 (100%)	8 (100%)	8 (100%)	56 (100%)
Any related TEAE	9 (56%)	10 (63%)	3 (38%)	6 (75%)	6 (75%)	34 (61%)
Any serious TEAE	4 (25%)	0	1 (13%)	0	0	5 (9%)
Any serious related TEAE	0	0	0	0	0	0
Any TEAE leading to withdrawal from study	0	0	0	0	0	0
Any TEAE leading to death	0	0	0	0	0	0

Most TEAEs Were Mild or Moderate in Intensity¹

- 6 serious TEAEs unrelated to study drug
 - Atrioventricular block first degree (1)²
 - Pneumonia (2 events in same participant)
 - Pulmonary embolism (1)³
 - Hyponatremia (1)
 - Influenza (1)
- Most common TEAEs (≥20% participant incidence)⁴
 - Nasopharyngitis (41%)
 - Procedural pain (34%)
 - Influenza (30%)
 - Infusion-related reaction (29%)
 - Headache (27%)
 - Diarrhea (23%)

Additional Safety Data

- Liver enzyme elevations have been observed in a minority of participants
 - No impact on liver function (bilirubin or coagulation)
 - Interpretation is complicated by underlying disease and elevated baseline values up to ~2.5x greater than the upper limit of normal
- No participants have demonstrated persistent related anemia or thrombocytopenia

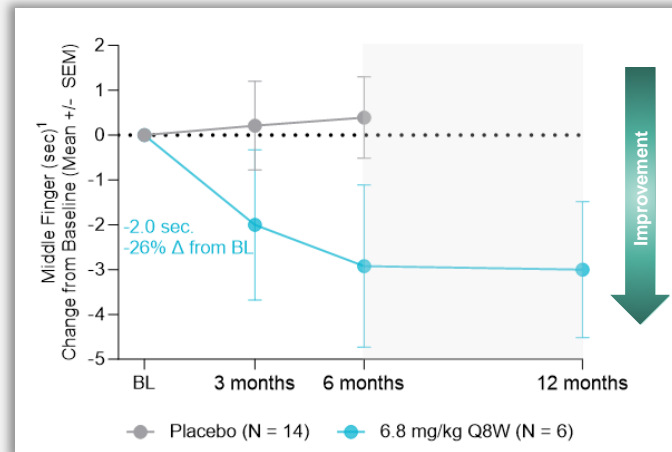
~1000 Doses of Study Drug Administered to Date Representing 93 Patient-Years of Follow-Up¹

vHOT is the Primary Endpoint to Support Potential Accelerated Approval of DYNE-101

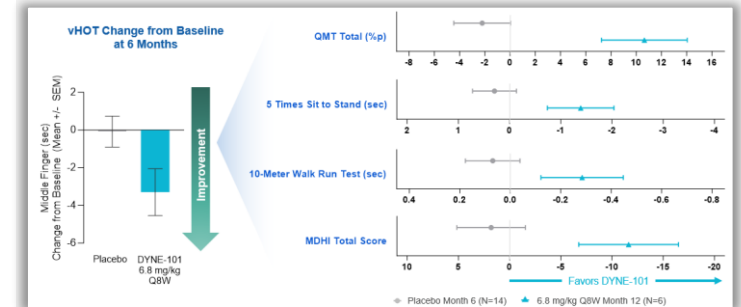
Myotonia is an early and common sign of DM1

Myotonia	
First symptom ¹	38.3%
Prevalence ²	88%

DYNE-101 has demonstrated robust improvement in vHOT as early as 3 months



Data support vHOT as early indicator of clinical benefit with DYNE-101



Comprehensive Development Program for DYNE-101 in DM1



Demonstrated Proof of Concept in MAD and LTE

- ✓ Selected registrational dose of 6.8 mg/kg Q8W
- ✓ Data support vHOT improvement as early indicator of clinical benefit with DYNE-101
- ✓ Potential best-in-class profile across myotonia, strength, timed function tests, and patient reported outcomes, including CNS-related
- ✓ Favorable safety profile¹; no serious related TEAEs

Registrational Expansion Cohort to Support U.S. Accelerated Approval

- 60 participants (3:1); 6.8 mg/kg Q8W
- Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in middle finger myotonia as measured by vHOT at 6 months, compared to placebo
- Secondary endpoints include: CASI-22, QMT, 10MWR, 5xSTS, and MDHI at 6 months
- Updated protocol submitted to FDA
- Enrollment completion planned for Q4 2025
- Data planned for mid-2026 to support potential U.S. Accelerated Approval submission in late 2026

Planned Phase 3 Study

- Planning to initiate confirmatory Phase 3 clinical trial in Q1 2026
- Ongoing engagement with global regulators to finalize trial design

Program



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Summary



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Building Momentum Toward Two Potential Launches in 2027

DYNE-101 for DM1

DYNE-251 for Exon 51 DMD

Q4 2025	Complete enrollment planned for Registrational Expansion Cohort	Q1 2025	Completed enrollment of Registrational Expansion Cohort 
Mid-2026	Data planned for Registrational Expansion Cohort	Late 2025	Data planned for Registrational Expansion Cohort
Late 2026	Potential submission for U.S. Accelerated Approval	Early 2026	Potential submission for U.S. Accelerated Approval
2027	Potential U.S. launch	2027	Potential U.S. launch 

Aiming to Deliver Functional Improvement for People Living with Neuromuscular Diseases



LATE-STAGE PIPELINE

Two clinical programs in registrational cohorts for DM1 and DMD following positive proof-of-concept data



NEAR-TERM VALUE DRIVERS

Key data readouts in 2025 & 2026 potentially enabling two submissions for U.S. Accelerated Approval in 2026



DIFFERENTIATED PLATFORM

FORCE™ platform enables targeted delivery to muscle and CNS; broader pipeline includes FSHD and Pompe



STRONG FINANCIAL POSITION

Cash position of \$677.5 million (as of 3/31/25) with expected runway into Q4 2026; all assets fully owned

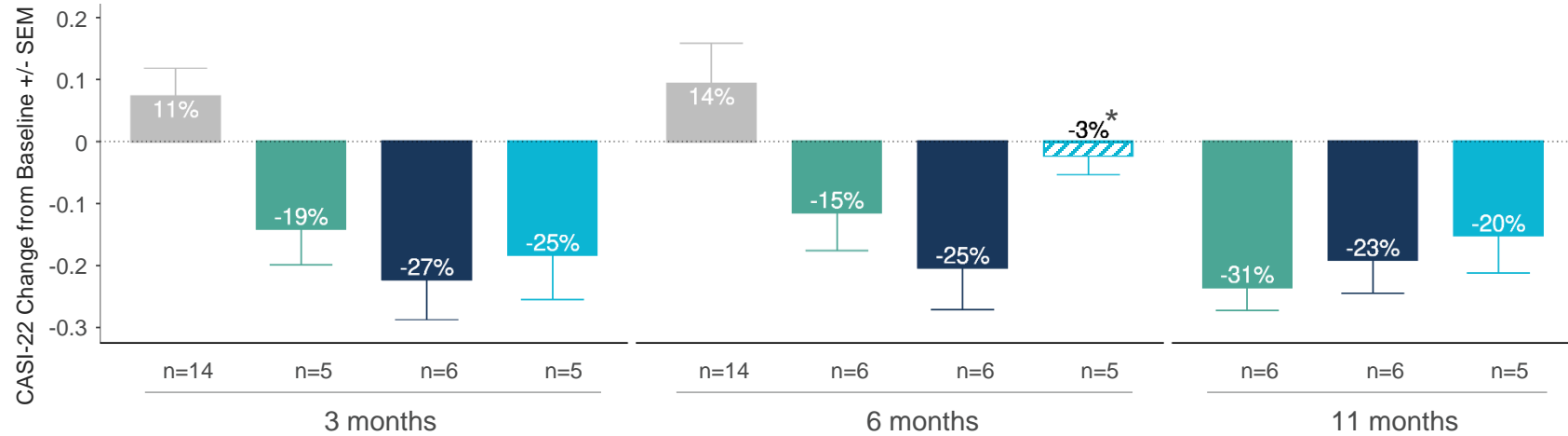
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Q&A

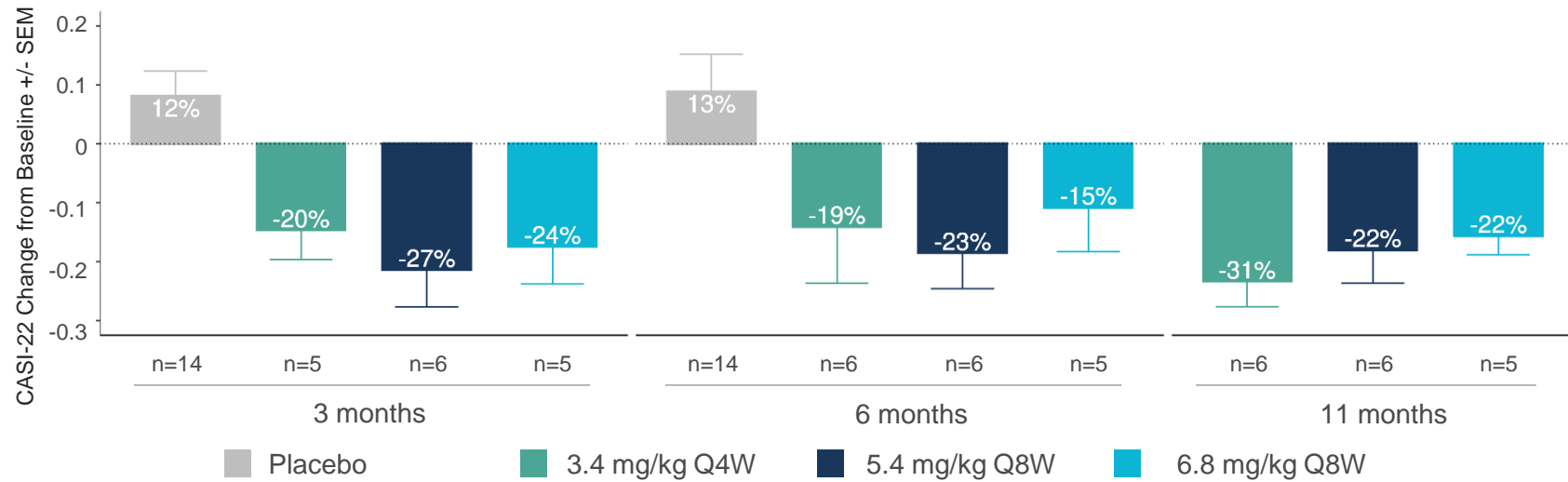
Appendix

Consistent Splicing Correction Maintained Through Month 11

Single aliquot
(original approach)



Median of multiple
aliquots
(revised approach)



Note: One post-baseline sample in 3.4 mg/kg Q4W and one baseline sample in 6.8 mg/kg treatment groups not included within splicing assay as the sample did not meet QC criteria; Percent values in bars represent percent mean change, calculated as mean change from baseline divided by baseline mean; Single aliquot approach takes valid result from aliquot of highest quality based on visual inspection of tissue samples; In multiple aliquot approach, all aliquots are tested and median taken across those with valid results, up to 4. CASI-22 = composite alternative splicing index; SEM = standard error of the mean; 3 months = 85 days; 6 months = 169 days; 11 months = 309 days.

* Data confounded by missing baseline data and intra-patient sample variability.

ACHIEVE Baseline Participant Characteristics: By Treatment

Mean (SD)	Placebo (N=14)	1.8 mg/kg Q4W (N=6)	3.4 mg/kg Q4W (N=6)	5.4 mg/kg Q8W (N=6)	6.8 mg/kg Q8W (N=6)
Age (years)	32.6 (9.6)	37.0 (10.5)	31.2 (4.4)	40.2 (6.5)	37.2 (9.7)
BMI (kg/m ²)	24.4 (4.7)	21.6 (5.8)	21.1 (1.8)	21.4 (2.5)	23.4 (5.6)
CASI-22	0.68 (0.20)	0.64 (0.25)	0.75 (0.12)	0.82 (0.16)	0.74 (0.25)
CTG Repeats	597 (246)	303 (163)	652 (258)	482 (236)	542 (191)
vHOT (sec) (middle finger)	7.5 (3.0)	11.3 (4.4)	6.6 (3.9)	11.9 (5.7)	7.8 (3.8)
QMT Total (% predicted)	51.5 (14.3)	48.1 (10.6)	42.0 (12.6)	46.6 (17.7)	51.3 (10.4)
10MWR (sec)	3.34 (0.48)	3.39 (0.55)	3.48 (0.67)	5.1 (2.40)	3.94 (1.56)
5 Times Sit to Stand (sec)	9.24 (2.03)	9.47 (2.04)	8.75 (1.88)	12.78 (6.79)	9.98 (3.33)
DM1-ACTIV ^c Total	47 (3.82)	46 (4.59)	38 (4.65)	44 (6.99)	43.4 (5.23)
MDHI Total	18.7 (13.8)	23.5 (23.2)	30.2 (23.2)	14.8 (7.4)	26.5 (13.7)